Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Original) A prophylactic or therapeutic agent for viral myocarditis, comprising as an active ingredient, 2-[4-(diphenylmethyl)-1-piperazinyl]-acetic acid or amide derivative, an individual optical isomer or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 2. (Original) A prophylactic or therapeutic agent for viral myocarditis according to claim 1, wherein the viral myocarditis is caused by RNA virus or hepatitis virus.
- 3. (Original) A prophylactic or therapeutic agent for viral myocarditis according to claim 2, wherein the RNA virus is orthomyxovirus or picornavirus.
- 4. (Original) A prophylactic or therapeutic agent for viral myocarditis-related viral disease comprising as an active ingredient, 2-[4-(diphenylmethyl)-1-piperazinyl]-acetic acid or amide derivative, an individual optical isomer or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 5. (Original) A prophylactic or therapeutic agent for viral disease according to claim 4, wherein the viral myocarditis-related viral disease is caused by RNA virus or hepatitis virus.
- 6. (Original) A prophylactic or therapeutic agent for viral disease according to claim 5, wherein the RNA virus is orthomyxovirus or picornavirus.
- 7. (Currently Amended) A prophylactic or therapeutic agent for viral disease according to claim 4, wherein the viral disease is selected from the group consisting of viral hepatitis (hepatitis A, hepatitis B, hepatitis E, hepatitis G), adenovirus infection, influenza, herpes infection, viral encephalitis, cytomegalovirus infection, viral enteritis or viral pericarditis.
- 8. (Original) An agent for healing or preventing viral cytotoxic injury, comprising as an active ingredient, 2-[4-(diphenylmethyl)-1-piperazinyl]-acetic acid or amide derivative, an individual optical isomer or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 9 10 (Canceled)

- 11. (New) A method of preventing or treating viral myocarditis-related viral disease in a patient comprising administering to the patient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound selected from 2-[4-(dlphenyhethy1)-1-piperazinyl]-acetic acid, an amide derivative thereof, an individual optical isomer thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable salt one of the foregoing.
- 12. (New) The method according to claim 11 wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting [2-[4-[(4 chlorophenyl)phenylmethyl]-1-piperazinyllethoxyl-acetic acid, its dihydrochloride salt or its levorotatory enantiomer; 2-[2-[4-[bis(4-fluoropheny1)methyl]-1-piperazinyl]ethoxy]acetic acid or its dihydrochloride salt 5-{4-[(aminocarbonyl)(hydroxy)amino]but-1-ynyl)-2-(2-(4-[(R)-[4-chlorophenyl)(phenyl)methyl]piperazin-1-yl}ethoxy)benzamide or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; and N-{4-[4-(2-{4-[(R)-(4-chlorophenyl)(phenyl)methyl]-1-piperazinyl}ethoxy)phenyl]-3-butynyl}-N-hydroxyurea or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 13. (New) A composition comprising (a) a compound selected from 2-[4-(dlphenyhethy1)-1-piperazinyl]-acetic acid, amide derivative thereof, an individual optical isomer thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and (b) a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, excipient, or diluent.
- 14. (New) The composition according to claim 13 wherein the compound is selected from the group consisting [2-[4-[(4 chlorophenyl)phenylmethyl]-1-piperazinyllethoxyl-acetic acid, its dihydrochloride salt or its levorotatory enantiomer; 2-[2-[4-[bis(4-fluoropheny1)methyl]-1-piperazinyl]ethoxylacetic acid or its dihydrochloride salt 5-{4-[(aminocarbonyl)(hydroxy)amino]but-1-ynyl)-2-(2-(4-[(R)-[4-chlorophenyl)(phenyl)methyllpiperazin-1-yl)ethoxy)benzamide or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; and N-{4-[4-(2-{4-[(R)-(4-chlorophenyl)(phenyl)methyl]-1-piperazinyl}ethoxy)phenyl]-3-butynyl}-N-hydroxyurea or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.